LESSON PLAN

Name of Course: Developing Soft Skills & Personality.

Programme: MBA(II Sem) 2018-19

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Session No.	Session Name	OBJECTIVES OF THE SESSION	PEDAGOGY	OUTCOMES OF THE SESSION
	1 Pronounciation (Consonant Sounds)			
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		1. To minimize the influence of verience of	A ACTIVITY THE	
		1. To minimize the influence of region and	1. ACTIVITY: The importance of keeping a Loose Jaw.	
		environment that on each and every individual.	2. ACTIVITY: Jaw opening	1. Resulting in learning of pronounciation of Consonant Sounds
		2. Minimizing the influences on articulation of sound		2.Identifying MTI- Mother Tongue Influence and the words in which MTI is
		occuring because many sounds are common between	3	highest.
		english and the primary language.	3. Consonant Sound Ice Breaker.	3. Learning of the sound 'P', 'B', 'T', 'D', 'K', 'G', 'S', 'Z', 'F', 'V', 'W', 'M', 'N',
		3. Reducing the habit of generalizing or transferring	4. Identifying MTI and understange the sentences in	'H', 'I', 'R', 'Y'.
		the sounds from primary to the secondary language.	which MTI occurs the most.	4. Learning of phonetically correct pronounciation of 'sh', 'zh', 'ch', 'the',
		4. Ensuring and maitaining the correct	5. Pronounciation activities for the major used	'ng', 'th'.
		pronounciation of words avoiding MTI in what is	consonant sounds.	5. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
	-	spoken.	6. Fun with Vocabulary Activity.	
	-			1 Introducing INTONATION AND AGODULATION
		1.		1. Introducing INTONATION AND MODULATION to the students.
				2. Introductiong the factors that effect the modulation:
			1. ACTIVITY: The Little Boy's Temper- Story	a) Pitch
		Understanding the role of language as a conveyor	Pronounciation.	b) Facial Expressions
		of very specific information.	2.Intonantion- The 'One sentence in various moods	c) Tone d) Pace
		2. Understanding how language can be used beyond		e) Pause
		the exact meaning of the word.	3. The Wrong and Right Facial Expression Activity.	f) Rhythm
		3. Learing intonation that will help the students to	4. Modulation- Dialogue One and Dialogue two	g) Word Stress
		express their thoughts correctly.	Activity.	
		4. Learning Modulation enabling the students to	5. Count and Non Count Activities.	3. Understanding the link between facial expressions and Voice.
		express every form of emotion.	6. Pitch, Facial Expression and Tone amalgamation	4. Understanding the difference in Count and Non Count Noun and the pronounciation of the same.
		5. Understanding the relation between voice and	Activity.	
	2 Pronunciation and Nouns	facial expressions.	7. Fun with Vocabulary Activity.	5. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
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1.Understanding a 'Vowel Sound' being the one that will let the breath pass freely, uninterrupted from the		
vocal cords out of the mouth.		1. Introducing the vowel sounds and the pronounciation of the same to the students.
Non Voiced Sounds.		2. Importance of vowel sounds as the connectors of consonant sounds and
3. Diminishing the effect of transerence of the native		giving a meaningful word.
	ACTIVITY- Phonetic traning of the vowel Sounds-	3. Learning the sound of 'ae', 'eh', 'ih', 'aw', 'aw' (broad), 'uh', 'ee', 'oh', 'u', 'ow', 'oy', 'ai'.
meaning of the word being spoken.	'ae','eh', 'ih', 'aw', 'aw' (broad), 'uh', 'ee', 'oh', 'u', 'ow',	3. Learning the sounds of 'a', 'er', 'ah', 'ue'.
The state of the s		4. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
	,	
movements of organs of speech. 3. Learning the right balance of the airstream the lip	and already learnt vowel sounds. 3. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of the 'Consonant Sounds'- 'p', 'b', 't', 'd', 'k', 'g', 'ch', 'zh', 'f', 'v', 'th', 's', 'z', 'sh', 'h', 'm', 'n', 'l', 'w', 'ge'.	 Introducing the consonant sounds, explaning what phonetics are to the students. Understanding the souds of 'p', 'b', 't', 'd', 'k', 'g', 'ch', 'zh', 'f', 'v', 'th', 's', 'z', 'sh', 'h', 'm', 'n', 'l', 'w', ge'. Eliciting the examples from the learners regarding the sound learned. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
 Understanding the vibration caused in the vocal cords due to pronounciation of vowel sounds. Learning vowel sounds by listening and imitationg. Learning of 12 vowel and 8 Diphthongs. Understanding what a Diphthong is ' A glide that 	2. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of -'e', 'i', 'a', 'o', 'u', diphthong sounds like 'ai', 'ea', 'au', 'oe', 'oy', 'ea', 'ou'. 3. ACTIVITY- Three similar sounds together, 'lead', 'lid', 'led'. 4.ACTIVITY- Four similar sounds toghether 'cod', 'cord',	
begin with one vowel and gradually changes to	'could', 'cooed'.	3. Eliciting the examples from the learners regarding the sound learned.
	vocal cords out of the mouth. 2.Learning the pronounciation Voiced sounds and Non Voiced Sounds. 3. Diminishing the effect of transference of the native language sounds to English. 4. Reducing pronounciation errors which change the meaning of the word being spoken. 5. Removal of Pronounciation Errors caused by Vowel Sounds. 1. Understanding the difference in Written English and Spoken English and the pronounciation of the same. 2. Learning that a sound is made of definite movements of organs of speech. 3. Learning the right balance of the airstream the lip position and the other organs of speech. 1. Learning the difference in the vowel sounds produced. 2. Understanding the vibration caused in the vocal cords due to pronounciation of vowel sounds. 3. Learning vowel sounds by listening and imitationg. 4. Learning of 12 vowel and 8 Diphthongs.	will let the breath pass freely, uninterrupted from the vocal cords out of the mouth. 2.Learning the pronounciation Voiced sounds and Non Voiced Sounds. 3. Diminishing the effect of tranference of the native language sounds to English. 4. Reducing pronounciation errors which change the meaning of the word being spoken. 5. Removal of Pronounciation Errors caused by Vowel Sounds. 1. Understanding the difference in Written English and Spoken English and the pronounciation of the same. 2. Learning that a sound is made of definite movements of organs of speech. 3. Learning the right balance of the airstream the lip position and the other organs of speech. 1. Learning the difference in the vowel sounds produced. 2. Understanding the vibration caused in the vocal cords due to pronounciation of vowel sounds. 3. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of the vowel Sounds is produced. 4. Fun with Vocabulary Activity. 1. ACTIVITY- How the vowel sound is produced. 2. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of the 'Consonant Sounds': 'p', 'b', 't', 't', 't', 't', 't', 't', 't

6 Phonetics (Consonant	: Sounds)	 Mastering the Global English Consonant Sounds. Understanding and learning the pronounciation of Voiced and Unvoiced Consonants. Analysing the difference in word stress to be kept to make the english phonetically correct. Learning to pronounce the consonant sounds softly, unlike the hard sounds produced in Regional Indian Languages. 	3. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of 'th', 'p', 'b', 'f', 'v',	 Voiced and Unvoiced sound learnt well. Learning the soft pronounciation of sounds of 'th', 'p', 'b', 'r', 'ch', 'j', 'g', 'm', 't', 'd', 'p', 's', 'sh', 'z', 'zh', 'l', 'r', 'n', 'h', 'w'. Eliciting examples from the learners. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
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		Learning the importance of listening and		1. The students will learn the art to pick up the most important part from
		understanding before answering.		the speech of the speaker.
		2. Understanding to summarise the points after		2. The student will learn the manner in which they can be the active
		listening.	1. ACTIVITY- Listen and Summarize.	listener and make points of the most important parts highlighted in the
		3. Learning to use and analyse the most important		speech of the speaker.
7 Listening Comprehens	sion	information while listening.	3. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	3. Analysing the information and answering the questions when asked.
			1. 1. ACTIVITY- Understanding the production of vowel	
			sounds by modification of the airstream.	
*		1. Understanding the difference in Written Vowels	2. ACTIVITY- Phonetic Training of 'Aa', 'u', 'er', 'ae', 'e',	
-		and the vowel sounds.	'ay', 'e', 'uh', 'aw'; 'oo'.	
		2. Use of various vowel sounds differently in the	3. ACTIVITY- Vowel Sound Poem.	
1		different words.	4. ACTIVITY- Pronounciatoion of two similar sounds in a	
			sentence.	1. Following are the sounds learnt from this session, 'Aa', 'u', 'er', 'ae', '
-		vowels and consonant sound combinations in order	5. ACTIVITY- Articulation of Cluster Sounds to improve	'ay', 'e', 'uh', 'aw', 'oo'.
		to pronounce the words correctly.	pronounciation.	2. Reading out the meanings of words/ idioms and proverbs.
8 Phonetics and Pronou	unciation		6. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	, and provide the
				1 Assessing each student in the provide time of two minutes and notice
		1. To undertake a one minute free speech and		
		To undertake a one minute free speech and feedback exercise focussing on the correct	1. ACTIVITY- FREE SPEECH- Undertaken by students	Assessing each student in the provide time of two minutes and noting down the mistakes in the pronounciation undertaken by each student. Ananlysing the pronounciation and speaking grade of the student.
		To undertake a one minute free speech and feedback exercise focussing on the correct pronounciation of the sounds.	ACTIVITY- FREE SPEECH- Undertaken by students individually and learning the mistakes undertaken.	

10	Pronounciation (Syllable Stress and Break Up)	 To learn the meaning of 'syllable'. To understand that when a syllable break take place. To understand that usually one syllable in the word gets stressed by saying it a little longer, by holding a vowel sound little longer and changing the tone of the voice on a particular syllable. To learn that syllable stress plays a very keen role in developing correct pronounciation and a correct rhythm. 	1. EXERCISE- SYLLABLE BREAK UP AND SYLLABLE STRESS. 2. ACTIVITY- Syllable stress and break up in the words 'pronounciation' and 'catastrophe' 3. ACTIVITY- One syllable, Two syllable, Three syllable and Four Syllable words. 4. ACTIVITY- Understanding- Syllable Stress. 5.ACTIVITY- Syllable stress in words with various suffixes. 6. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	 One syllable, two syllable, three syllable and four syllable words like horn, advice, paragraph, combination are learnt well. Consequences of misplacing the word stress will be learnt well from the session. The time required to hold a vowel sound to make the pronounciation efficient is learnt. Reading out the meanings of words, idioms and proverbs.
1:	1 Pronounciation	 With the consonant and vowels sounds that have been learned above, student will undertake the pronounciation activities. The difference in the pronounciation of verb an noun. Prefix and Suffix stress in a homophone when used as a verb and as a noun. 	 ACTIVITY- The same word as a Noun and as a Verb. ACTIVITY- Noun and Verb Pronounciation Difference. ACTIVITY- Pronounciation of sentences to bring out the difference in noun and verb. ACTIVITY- Which syllable is stressed? ACTIVITY- Syllable Break up and Syllable Stess. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary. 	 A new stress pattern understood and performed in the class. Interchangingly using the same word as a noun and a verb by paying appropriate attention to the amount of stress paid to the suffix and pre The words like contest, incline, survey, reject, supspect, permit, recall record, desert and more are practised in order to understand the conce clearly.
1	.2 Intonation and Modulation	 Learning the intonation patterns, understanding the change in pitch to express different meanings conveyed through change in intonation pattern. Learning the importance of mood and personality depiction through intonation. Detecting the finer shades of meaning in the speech of other people. Introducing modulation and pitch to the students and the importance of the same. Learning the tactics to undergo a smooth speech. Learning the correct rate of speech. Undestanding the difference in UPWARD AND DOWNWARD COUNTOUR. 	 ACTIVITY- How should a sentence end? ACTIVITY- How Exclamation, Question Mark and Full Stop will make a difference in pronounciation? ACTIVITY- Upward and Downward Countour. ACTIVITY- Dividing the word into Syllable. ACTIVITY- Practising Voice Modulation. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary. 	 Student learns to get a right balance of pitch and intonation. Depiction of various moods with the help of intonation by pronounc same sentence in various moods is done. The art of listening and understanding the finer shades of meaning hidden in the speech is done. Successful understanding of the countours and practising of the same consequently making difference in the meaning of the same sentence when said with changed intonation and countours.

1	3 Word Stress and Thought Gap		ACTIVITY- Thought Groups and Pace of Speech. ACTIVITY- Word Stress and Syllable Stress. ACTIVITY- Controlling the Rate of Speech	 Moderation required in a sentence while speaking is learnt well. The places for the pause to be put are learnt. The average rate of keeping quite while taking a 'pause', 'A slight Pause' and 'A Very Slight Pause' are understood.
1	4 Pronounciation	 Learning the syllable focus more intricately. Producing a feedback for all that has been learnt above. 	ACTIVITY- Free Speech- Activity undertaken to analyse and understand the mistakes still occuring in the speech and correcting the same. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	 The outcome of the session will be generation of feedback of all that had been learnt from the above sessions. Students understand the weak areas that are still found in their speech and the ways to correct the same.
	Regionalism and Common Speech	 To understand 'Regionalism' as speech errors caused when we translate from mother tongue into English. Removing the confusions caused by 'Colloquial Speech'. Understanding the wrong phrases used due to regionalism. Understanding the occurence of errors due to difference in grammar and sentence structure and construction between English and Native Language. 	1. ACTIVITY-Incorrect and the Correct Sentence and the feedback. 2. ACTIVITY- Common Grammatical Errors. 3. ACTIVITY- Free Speech for detection of common Speech Errors. 4. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	 Students will understand the importance of the removal of fillers like 'actually', 'basically', 'only', 'just', 'like', 'kind of', okay-okay' and much more. Phrases like 'I live in Delhi only' to be corrected to 'I live in Delhi itself are learnt well. Leaning the art of correct translation from Himdi to English. Learning to develop the thoughts in English in order to avoid Regionalis and Common Speech Errors.
	16 News Presentation	 To generate a feedback of what is learnt till date. Learning the intonation while giving various kinds of news a a journalist like the weather new, sports newa, political news and general information news. 	ACTIVITY- Newsroom. ACTIVITY- Fun with Vocabulary.	 The students are assessed on the art of speaking with correct intonation and modulation. Maintainance of proper pitch, pace and pauses are given huge importance in assessment. Students learn the used of words, idioms and proverbs given in the exercise.